AMERICAN STUDIES CENTER University of Warsaw

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION for M.A. Studies (2018)

VERSION B

Read the following texts carefully and answer the questions below them.

TEXT 5.

These are the voices which we hear in solitude, but they grow faint and inaudible as we enter into the world. Society everywhere is in conspiracy against the manhood of every one of its members. Society is a joint-stock company, in which the members agree, for the better securing of his bread to each shareholder, to surrender the liberty and culture of the eater. The virtue in most request is conformity. Self-reliance is its aversion. It loves not realities and creators, but names and customs.

Whoso would be a man, must be a nonconformist. He who would gather immortal palms must not be hindered by the name of goodness, but must explore if it be goodness. Nothing is at last sacred but the integrity of our own mind. Absolve you to yourself, and you shall have the suffrage of the world. I remember an answer which when quite young I was prompted to make to a valued adviser who was wont to importune me with the dear old doctrines of the church. On my saying, What have I to do with the sacredness of traditions, if I live wholly from within? my friend suggested,—"But these impulses may be from below, not from above." I replied, "They do not seem to me to be such; but if I am the devil's child, I will live then from the devil." No law can be sacred to me but that of my nature. Good and bad are but names very readily transferable to that or this; the only right is what is after my constitution; the only wrong what is against it. A man is to carry himself in the presence of all opposition as if every thing were titular and ephemeral but he. I am ashamed to think how easily we capitulate to badges and names, to large societies and dead institutions. Every decent and well-spoken individual affects and sways me more than is right.

1. The author argues that society:

- a. provides space for individual growth
- b. stifles individuality
- c. should be ruled by non-conformists
- d. is in the hands of the devil

2. The phrase "absolve you to yourself" means:

- a. confess your sins and repent
- b. aspire to political power
- c. <u>have confidence in your own moral intuitions</u>
- d. be consistently self-interested

3. "Titular and ephemeral" means:

- a. honorary and sublime
- b. topical and spiritual
- c. by name only and fleeting
- d. careerist and greedy

4. This excerpt is probably taken from:

- a. a postmodern parody of Immanuel Kant
- b. a preacher's sermon

- c. the confession of a fictional madman
- d. a philosopher's essay

5. The phrase "the only right is what is after my constitution" means:

- a. the author respects no sources of law other than the U.S. Constitution
- b. morality always comes later than the laws which define its basis
- c. the only legitimate source of morality is the individual human self
- d. the author claims moral superiority over the rest of society

6. The phrase "was wont to importune me" means:

- a. hesitated to approach me
- b. was eager to impose on me
- c. was acting impertinent toward me
- d. gave me bad advice

TEXT 3.

It was the combination of European and U.S. sanctions that helped bring Iran to the negotiating table over its nuclear program, ultimately resulting in the accord Iran, the U.S., the EU, and others struck in 2015. But that coalition has split with the U.S. withdrawal, and the Europeans are now openly flirting with ways to skirt the coming reimposition of the U.S. sanctions on the Islamic Republic that had been waived as part of the deal. (...) In an attempt to protect European companies' investments in Iran, the European Commission said it would enact regulations that would prevent those companies from complying with sanctions the U.S. will reimpose. It's unclear how exactly this will work—European companies are already starting to withdraw investments from Iran for fear of U.S. reprisals. Iran stands to lose substantial European investment regardless, calling into question whether the Europeans can save the deal, which was premised on Iran's getting economic benefit from accepting restrictions on its nuclear program.

7. The 2015 accord mentioned in this excerpt was

- a. a nuclear arms program established by the EU and Iran without U.S. participation
- b. a secret deal between the U.S. and EU aimed against Iran
- c. an agreement between the EU and the U.S. pertaining to sanctions against Iran
- d. <u>an agreement between several EU countries, the U.S. and Iran which obliged Iran to limit its nuclear program</u>

8. Things have changed recently. Why?

- a. The U.S. left the coalition and wants to abandon sanctions.
- b. European countries want to invest in Iran, while Iran wants to do business with the U.S. only.
- c. Iran wants to invest in Europe and the U.S. opposes this.
- d. The U.S. wants to reintroduce sanctions thus breaking the prior agreement.

9. A synonym for "waive" is

- a. <u>cancel</u>
- b. postpone
- c. increase
- d. suggest

10. To "comply" with something is to

- a. control it
- b. <u>obey it</u>
- c. rebel against it
- d. secretly work against it

11. "Was premised on" means

- a. depended on
- b. included
- c. precluded
- d. was caused by

TEXT 4.

Argentina has been reminded that when capital is free to flow in, it can also flow out, creating profound economic implications. With foreign investors pulling their money *en masse*, Argentina's central bank was forced to take drastic action to stabilize the country's currency. On Friday, policymakers lifted the benchmark interest rate to 40 percent after days of intervening heavily in financial markets.

While it helped settle the markets, the move will weigh on the prospects for the president's ambitious economic overhaul. It also has the potential to crimp growth, adding to political discontent.

The rate increase, a day after the Argentine peso fell 8.5 percent against the dollar, was the third in a week. The central bank said it would use "all the tools at its disposal" to slow inflation, which in March was up 25 percent from a year earlier, to 15 percent this year, a goal most analysts now see as unrealistic.

12. To "overhaul" means:

- a. to pull out
- b. to modify completely
- c. to exceed
- d. to overwhelm

13. This is an excerpt from:

- a. a newspaper article
- b. a prospectus intended for investors
- c. a political analysis by a think tank
- d. a promotional piece

14. The hike in interest rates is intended to:

- a. curb rising inflation
- b. appease the electorate
- c. stop investors from leaving
- d. reduce the value of the peso to the dollar
- 15. If inflation is up 25 percent from a year earlier and the target is 15 percent this year, does this mean:
 - a. inflation is now right on target
 - b. inflation is now below this year's target

- c. inflation is X + 25 where X is the figure for the previous year
- d. inflation is 1.25 X where X is the figure for the previous year

16. Increasing interest rates:

- a. makes investing in the peso less profitable
- b. makes investing in the peso more profitable
- c. is tantamount to imposing a trade tariff
- d. eliminates trade barriers

TEXT 6.

Now, now, now, there's plent men dat takes a wife lak dey uh joint of sugar cane. It's round and juicy an' sweet when dey gits it, but they squeeze an' grind, squeeze an' grind an' wring tell dey wrings every drop uf pleasure that's in 'im out. An' when dey satisfied dat dey wrung dem dry dey treats 'im jes lak dey treat a cane chew, throws 'im away.

17. The text above is an example of:

- a. African American dialect
- b. Latino/a English
- c. Native American dialect
- d. prose full of grammatical errors

18. The text is:

- a. a description of a Voodoo ritual
- b. <u>a description of how men treat women</u>
- c. a description of the way one eats sugar cane
- d. gibberish

19. The main figure the text uses is:

- a. apostrophe
- b. epithet
- c. symbol
- d. <u>parallel</u>

TEXT 2.

The internet age in which we already live prefigures some of the questions and issues that AI will only make more acute. The Enlightenment sought to submit traditional verities to a liberated, analytic human reason. The internet's purpose is to ratify knowledge through the accumulation and manipulation of ever expanding data. Human cognition loses its personal character. Individuals turn into data, and data become regnant.

Users of the internet emphasize retrieving and manipulating information over contextualizing or conceptualizing its meaning. They rarely interrogate history or philosophy; as a rule, they demand information relevant to their immediate practical needs. In the process, search-engine algorithms acquire the capacity to predict the preferences of individual clients, enabling the algorithms to personalize results and make them available to other parties for political or commercial purposes. Truth becomes relative. Information threatens to overwhelm wisdom.

Inundated via social media with the opinions of multitudes, users are diverted from introspection; in truth many technophiles use the internet to avoid the solitude they dread. All of these pressures weaken the fortitude required to develop and sustain convictions that can be implemented only by traveling a lonely road, which is the essence of creativity.

The impact of internet technology on politics is particularly pronounced. The ability to target micro-groups has broken up the previous consensus on priorities by permitting a focus on specialized purposes or grievances. Political leaders, overwhelmed by niche pressures, are deprived of time to think or reflect on context, contracting the space available for them to develop vision.

(Source: Henry A. Kissinger, "How the Enlightenment Ends", *The Atlantic*, June 2018)

20. The assessment of internet's impact on culture expressed here is

- a. enthusiastic (only advantages are described)
- b. neutral (the author takes no sides and avoids judgments)
- c. critical (examining problems and predicting a future catastrophe
- d. comedic (the article is a spoof on critics of the internet)

21. "Regnant" means

- a. dominant
- b. questionable
- c. true
- d. confusing

22. A synonym to "prefigures" is

- a. anticipates
- b. antagonizes
- c. prevents
- d. disseminates

23. "To interrogate" is to

- a. interact
- b. introduce
- c. attack
- d. <u>question</u>

24. Which of the following cognitive effects is, according to the author, produced by the internet?

- a. Intellectual curiosity and independent thinking are rewarded and inspired.
- b. The effect is intellectual slackness on a mass scale.
- c. Abstract thinking is made easier and therefore becomes more common.
- d. People become introspective, lonely and depressed.

25. Which of the following sociopolitical effects is, according to the author, produced by social media?

- a. Swift communication within large groups leads to easier consensus over priorities.
- b. Consensus is made more difficult because people form small groups.
- c. People become isolated and prone to introspection.
- d. People develop well-founded convictions due to intense interactions with others.

26. "Inundated" means

- a. flooded, overwhelmed
- b. troubled, worried
- c. amused, entertained

d. frightened, anxious

27. A "grievance" is a

- a. a conflict
- b. a moment of sadness or grief
- c. <u>a complaint or problem</u>
- d. a special interest or aim

TEXT 7.

In 1791, Africans enslaved in the French Caribbean colony of Saint-Domingue exploded in a revolt unprecedented in human history. Saint-Domingue, the western third of the island of Hispaniola, was at that time the ultimate sugar island, the imperial engine of French economic growth. But on a single August night, the mill of that growth stopped turning. All across Saint-Domingue's sugar country, the most profitable stretch of real estate on the planet, enslaved people burst into the country mansions. They slaughtered enslavers, set torches to sugar houses and cane fields, and then marched by the thousand on Cap-Francais, the seat of colonial rule. Thrown back, they regrouped. Revolt spread across the colony.

- 28. The revolt described in the passage is commonly known as:
 - a. The Revolt of the Saint-Domingue
 - b. The Dominican Revolt
 - c. <u>The Haitian Revolution</u>
 - d. The African Revolution
- 29. Which of the below is NOT part of the Caribbean?
 - a. Cuba
 - b. The Dominican Republic
 - c. <u>Hawaii</u>
 - d. Puerto Rico
- **30.** Which of the words below is a synonym to "unprecedented" (used in the first sentence of the text):
 - a. unforeseen
 - b. first-time
 - c. familiar
 - d. usual
- **31.** The metaphor of "the mill" ("the mill of that growth") refers to:
 - a. French real estate
 - b. sugar mills on the island
 - c. slave labor
 - d. French capital
- 32. Which does not belong to the list of major colonial products in the Americas?
 - a. Sugar
 - b. cotton
 - c. <u>wheat</u>
 - d. tobacco

TEXT 1.

Janet Walker tackles "the question of the legitimacy of psychoanalytic theory for feminist study" by looking at the history of psychoanalysis, as an institution and a method of "cure," as it intersects with discourses about women in the post-war period. Agreeing in part with feminists' condemnation of American psychiatry for abetting women's adjustment to prescribed and oppressive social rules, Walker also shows how American psychiatry opened up profound contradictions in relation to adjustment of deviant women. In a further step, she examines how psychoanalysis as a discourse is represented in two Hollywood films, *The Three Faces of Eve* (1957) and *Tender Is the Night* (1962); Walker uses the films to expose the contradictory aspects of American psychiatry established in examining historical discourses. She discovers "a rhetoric [of resistance] motivated by the wider and quite complicated cultural context of women and psychiatry."

Source: E. Ann Kaplan, "Introduction: From Plato's Cave to Freud's Scream" in: E. Ann Kaplan, ed., *Psychoanalysis and Cinema.*

33. The main purpose of this passage is to:

- a. Introduce the article by Janet Walker
- b. argue that psychoanalysis is at odds with feminism
- c. show that ultimately women resist psychoanalysis
- d. analyze Walker's examination of The Three Faces of Eve

34. The style of the paragraph may be described as:

- a. impassioned
- b. <u>neutral</u>
- c. moralizing
- d. parodistic

35. Which of the following thinkers is not associated with psychoanalysis:

- a. Sigmund Freud
- b. Melanie Klein
- c. Erich Fromm
- d. <u>William James</u>

36. Psychoanalysis is often referred to as:

- a. the talking cure
- b. the rest cure
- c. the psychic cure
- d. the mental cure

37. By "institution" (in the first sentence) the author means:

- a. the American Psychiatric Association
- b. the historical institutions to which psychoanalysts belonged
- c. all practices, sets of relations and organizations related to psychoanalysis
- d. American health care system

38. To "abet" means:

- a. to actively second or encourage
- b. to actively hinder as to make impossible

- c. to make easier, to gently facilitate
- d. to destroy
- 39. "To prescribe" and "to proscribe" look very similar, but mean something different. Which of the following sentences is semantically <u>wrong</u>.
 - a. In case of depression, the doctor may prescribe antidepressant drugs.
 - b. Lawyers for two students said they plan to ask a court to proscribe drug treatment rather than prison.
 - c. In spite of the attempts made to proscribe it, hard drug use is on the rise.
 - d. The instructions on the drug sheet urge "to use as prescribed."

40. Which of the following is a synonym for "deviant":

- a. demanding
- b. schizophrenic
- c. <u>abnormal</u>
- d. detrimental

41. The phrase "[of resistance]" placed in the square brackets in the last sentence

- a. is supplied by Ann Kaplan to clarify what "rhetoric" is being referred to in the quotation
- b. is used as a parenthetical expression by Janet Walker
- c. is used as an example by Janet Walker
- d. is used ironically by Ann Kaplan to distance herself from Janet Walker

42. Which of the statements below is not true?

- a. Ann Kaplan put together the book Psychoanalysis and Cinema.
- b. Psychoanalysis and Cinema has many authors.
- c. Ann Kaplan wrote the introduction to Psychoanalysis and Cinema.
- d. Ann Kaplan wrote an introduction to Janet Walker's book on psychoanalysis.

MISCALLENEOUS QUESTIONS

43. "Between a rock and a hard place" means:

- a. tested by God, like the first Puritans
- b. finding solace where one may
- c. prepared to take on adversity (originates in the American frontier)
- d. in a difficult situation, with no good alternatives

44. "Catch 22" refers to:

- a. finding the perfect marriage candidate
- b. a difficult legal clause
- c. an impossible situation involving mutually conflicting or dependent conditions
- d. a sleight of hand

45. A "chick flick" is a popular term used to refer to:

- a. a quick flip of the coin
- b. a flock of small chickens
- c. a flirtation
- d. a film for women

46. "To cut to the chase" means:

a. to get to the point

- b. to enter the competition
- c. to interrupt
- d. to chill to the bone

47. "Is there no balm in Gilead?" is originally a phrase from:

- a. <u>The Book of Jeremiah</u>
- b. Homer's Odyssey
- c. Margaret Atwood's A Handmaid's Tale
- d. Edgar Allan Poe's "The Raven"

48. "To err is human, to forgive divine" means that:

- a. only God can forgive human error
- b. human error is unforgivable
- c. people find it hard to forgive others even though everyone makes mistakes
- d. forgiving others is pleasurable

49. Dividend, paid out by a company to its shareholders, depends on:

- a. market evaluation (share price)
- b. decision taken by the supervisory authority
- c. decision taken by the management
- d. shareholders' decision about profit distribution

50. The tripartite division of powers in U.S. government does <u>not</u> include the following as one of the three branches:

- a. Congress
- b. Federal Bureau of Investigation
- c. President
- d. Supreme Court

51. The present-day mobilization against sexual harassment is known as:

- a. <u>#MeToo</u>
- b. #StopHarassment
- c. #HandsOff
- d. #EqualityForAll

52. An organization lobbying for the popular right to carry guns in the U.S. is called:

- a. The National Rifle Association
- b. The Pro-Gun Lobby
- c. The Straight Shooters Society
- d. The Stock and Barrel Home Assembly
- 53. A twentieth-century Latin American literary phenomenon, usually credited to Alejo Carpentier, which became popular in the U.S., is known as:
 - a. black humor
 - b. the fantastic
 - c. the grotesque
 - d. magic realism
- 54. *Mestizos* used to mean the offspring of European whites and Native Americans but today it refers to most mainstream Latin Americans in contradistinction to those

who maintain a separate indigenous identity. Etymologically, the word *mestizo* refers to:

- a. ancestry
- b. <u>mixture</u>
- c. progeny
- d. purity

55. Pablo Escobar was:

- a. <u>a Colombian drug lord</u>
- b. the chief diplomat of Honduras
- c. the whistleblower behind Panama Papers
- d. Hugo Chavez's main contender

56. Choose the grammatically correct and logical conclusion to the following beginning of a sentence:

Although his monologue was elegantly phrased,

- a. it was however quite offensive.
- b. it was quite offensive.
- c. but it was quite offensive.
- d. however, it offensive.

57. Which of the following is not a pair of synonyms

- a. pit & quarry
- b. gem & jewel
- c. appeal & convince
- d. beneficial & profitable

58. Which of the following is an oxymoron?

- a. honest thief
- b. lovely weather
- c. honest truth
- d. control freak

59. The SUPEREGO is

- a. excessive use of the first person singular personal pronoun; the practice of talking about oneself too much
- b. the name of a doctrine in philosophy ('superego theory') which claims that individual self-interest is the actual motive of all conscious action
- c. a fictional hero having extraordinary powers (also: an exceptionally skillful or successful person)
- d. <u>one of the three divisions of the psyche in psychoanalytic theory (it represents</u> <u>internalization of parental conscience and the rules of society)</u>

60. SARCASM is best defined as

- a. <u>speech or writing intended to mock or insult by stating the opposite of what is really</u> <u>meant</u>
- b. a state of mind where one is shocked by the discrepancy between expectations and reality

- c. the state of a relationship where two people insult each other constantly
- d. a rhetorical strategy where one speaks in paradoxes to confuse the interlocutor

61. GROTESQUE is best defined as

- a. a style of artistic expression prevalent especially in the 17th century that is marked by use of complex forms, bold ornamentation, and the juxtaposition of contrasting elements
- b. a style so outrageously artificial, affected, inappropriate, or out-of-date as to be considered amusing
- c. <u>a style characterized by fanciful or fantastic human and animal forms often</u> <u>interwoven with foliage or similar figures that may distort the natural into</u> <u>absurdity, ugliness, or caricature</u>
- d. a style based on incongruity between a situation developed in a drama and the accompanying words or actions that is understood by the audience but not by the characters in the play

62. HOMOSOCIALITY means:

- a. same-sex relationship that are not of sexual nature
- b. same-sex relationships of sexual nature
- c. good social relations
- d. racial homogeneity among men

63. The saying "Better safe than sorry" means that:

- a. It is useless to be sorry about things one cannot influence.
- b. Money should always be placed in a safe.
- c. Safety is better than sorrow.
- d. It is good to be careful even when it seems unnecessary.

64. The word 'unlikely' is:

- a. an adjective
- b. an adverb
- c. an expletive
- d. an oath

65. Which of the following sentences is grammatically correct?

- a. I failed the exam, however my efforts.
- b. Although many efforts, I failed the exam.
- c. Though I failed the exam, many efforts notwithstanding.
- d. Despite my efforts, I failed the exam.

66. Double quotation marks: " '.....' " are used when:

- a. a quotation within a quotation is given
- b. it is difficult to determine what the author means
- c. to mark that the quote is untrue
- d. attention is drawn to the chosen fragment

67. The statement "I pronounce you man and wife" when uttered by an officiant is:

- a. a promise
- b. <u>a performative</u>
- c. a performance
- d. a paradox

- 68. The period of political turbulence in Northern Ireland connected to the activities of the IRA resulted in in numerous casualties. This period is known as "The Troubles." This historical label is an example of which rhetorical figure:
 - a. <u>euphemism</u>
 - b. hyperbole
 - c. prosopopoeia
 - d. hiatus

69. Ernest Renan described the nation as a daily...

- a. chore
- b. occurrence
- c. <u>plebiscite</u>
- d. routine

For questions 54-59, read the passage below and fill in the blanks selecting from the words provided:

The Middle $\dots(54)\dots$ was the stage of the $\dots(55)\dots$ trade in which $\dots(56)\dots$ of $\dots(57)\dots$ were shipped to the $\dots(58)\dots$ as part of the $\dots(59)\dots$ slave trade.

70.

- a. Route
- b. Passage
- c. Way
- d. Journey

71.

- a. triangular
- b. rectangular
- c. linear
- d. circular

72.

- a. thousands
- b. dozens
- c. millions
- d. tens

73.

- a. Africans
- b. Jews
- c. Europeans
- d. Asians

74.

- a. Old World
- b. New World
- c. U.S.A.

d. Europe

75.

- a. Pacific
- b. United
- c. African
- d. Atlantic

Questions 60-64 are based on four sentences from an educational website presenting a turbulent period in US history. The name of this period has been replaced with XXXX. Supply the missing words:

- 76. Under the of President Andrew Johnson in 1865 and 1866, new southern state legislatures passed restrictive "black codes" to control the labor and behavior of former slaves and other African Americans.
 - a. reign
 - b. administration
 - c. control
 - d. jurisdiction
- 77. Outrage in the over these codes eroded support for the approach known as Presidential XXXX and led to the triumph of the more radical wing of the Republican Party.
 - a. South
 - b. <u>North</u>
 - c. Rust Belt
 - d. East Coast
- 78. During Radical XXXX, which began in 1867, newly blacks gained a voice in government for the first time in American history, winning election to southern state legislatures and even to the U.S. Congress.
 - a. enslaved
 - b. educated
 - c. enfranchised
 - d. enraged
- 79. In less than a decade, however, reactionary forces-including the Ku Klux Klanwould the changes wrought by Radical XXXX in a violent backlash that restored white supremacy in the South.
 - a. <u>reverse</u>
 - b. acknowledge
 - c. provoke
 - d. cause

80. XXXX stands for:

- a. Reform
- b. Reconstruction
- c. Freedom
- d. Peacemaking

For questions 50-53, read the passage below and fill in the blanks selecting from the words provided:

The affliction thatA.... fourth-century monks in the desert who want toB.... the contemplative life in favor ofC.... sleeping or running away might seem anD.... candidate for a model of contemporary depression.

81. A:

- a. encounters
- b. rescues
- c. strikes
- d. avoids

82. B:

- a. make
- b. <u>forsake</u>
- c. embrace
- d. live

83. C:

- a. <u>either</u>
- b. both
- c. neither
- d. the

84. D:

- a. <u>unlikely</u>
- b. happy
- c. equal
- d. even

SCRAMBLES.

85. The six sentences below make a narrative. Arrange them in the logical order:

A. Smile even, like a child caught dead with his hand in the jelly jar, and when you reached for the rope to tie him, well, even then you couldn't tell.

B. Although sometimes, you could never tell, you'd find them folded up tight somewhere: beneath floorboards, in a pantry—once in a chimney.

C. When the four horsemen came—schoolteacher, one nephew, one slave catcher and a sheriff—the house on Bluestone Road was so quiet they thought they were too late.

D. Caught red-handed, so to speak, they would seem to recognize the futility of outsmarting a whiteman and the hopelessness of outrunning a rifle.

E. Three of them dismounted, one stayed in the saddle, his rifle ready, his eyes trained away from the house to the left and to the right, because likely as not the fugitive would make a dash for it.

F. Even then care was taken, because the quietest ones, the ones you pulled from a press, a hayloft, or, that once, from a chimney, would go along nicely for two or three seconds.

The logical order is:

- a. CEBFDA
- b. CEBAFD
- c. CEFBDA
- d. DCEFBA

86. Reconstruct this scrambled quote from William Blake's "Proverbs of Hell":

- A. strangle
- B. unacted desires
- C. than nurse
- D. an infant in its cradle
- E. sooner

The correct order is:

- a. E-C-D-A-B
- b. A-B-E-C-D
- c. E-C-B-A-D
- d. <u>E-A-D-C-B</u>

87. Read these lines taken from a poem (punctuation has been removed) and decide on their correct order:

- A. Were toward Eternity
- B. Since then 'tis Centuries and yet
- C. I first surmised the Horses' Heads
- D. Feels shorter than the Day

The correct order is:

- a. <u>B-D-C-A</u>
- b. D-A-C-B
- c. C-A-D-B
- d. B-D-A-C

88. To "surmise" (C above) is to

- a. see something that does not exist
- b. understand based on scanty evidence
- c. explain something to someone who is mistaken
- d. touch gently (especially a child or animal)

TABLE.

Race/Ethnicity	% of US population	% of U.S. incarcerated population	National incarceration rate (per 100,000)
White (non- Hispanic)	64%	39%	450 per 100,000
Hispanic	16%	19%	831 per 100,000
Black	13%	40%	2,306 per 100,000

The table above, based on 2010 U.S. census, presents data pertaining to the ethnic makeup of incarcerated population.

- 89. Based on the table, decide which of the statements below is <u>not</u> the right conclusion to be drawn from this data:
 - a. African Americans are incarcerated approximately five times more than whites are.
 - b. People of Hispanic origin are twice as likely to be incarcerated as whites.
 - c. Approximately one in 43 African Americans is incarcerated.
 - d. White (non-Hispanic) Americans are as likely to be incarcerated as African Americans.

90. One ethnic group left out from this table is:

- a. Native Americans
- b. Cuban Americans
- d. Puerto Ricans
- e. Muslims

91. A person whose mother is Black and the father is Caucasian would most likely be counted as:

- a. <u>Black</u>
- b. White
- c. Hispanic
- d. Hybrid

Questions 65-69 are based on four sentences drawn from a story published in *The New Yorker.* Supply the missing words in each.

- 92. American steel mills are running at less than half —eleven of thirty blast furnaces shut down—so demand for scrap is way off.
 - a. velocity
 - b. ability
 - c. <u>capacity</u>
 - d. energy
- 93. Prices would probably be lower still if the supply weren't People are buying fewer cars and washing machines this year, so they're throwing fewer of them away.
 - a. growing
 - b. <u>shrinking</u>
 - c. downsizing
 - d. drowning

- 94. Americans seem to be, at least temporarily, to a pre-consumerist, pack-rat state of mind, which is not good for a business that is built on what other people throw away.
 - a. revolting
 - b. retrieving
 - c. <u>reverting</u>
 - d. remarking

95. Dan has already had to off nineteen per cent of the company's workforce.

- a. <u>lay</u>
- b. bring
- c. fire
- d. send
- 96. Dan's company has very little, so interest payments are low, which he believes will allow it to survive.
 - a. credibility
 - b. profit
 - c. <u>debt</u>
 - d. loan

For questions 70-73, complete the well-known phrases:

97. Absence makes

- a. the house grow empty.
- b. the love grow stronger.
- c. the heart grow fonder.
- d. the heart feel sorrow.
- 98. don't make a right.
 - a. Two lefts
 - b. <u>Two wrongs</u>
 - c. Many turns
 - d. Many words

99. There's no such thing as

- a. true love
- b. free lunch
- c. benevolent god
- d. justice in this world

100.Beauty is in the eye of the.....

- a. seer
- b. <u>beholder</u>
- c. looker
- d. lover